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**onal Law**  
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**Respect And**

# Rebuttal

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**The Authority of**

## **International Law - Lifting the State Veil**

The legitimate authority of international law, i.e. its ability to generate moral duties of obedience for its subjects whether states, international organisations or individuals, has become a subject of growing interest among international legal scholars and legal theorists over the past fifteen years or so.

## **The Universal Common Good and the Authority of ...**

Chapter 2 presents the core argument of the book.

It first discusses how we may go about identifying the conceptual characteristics of international law's authority. It argues that discussions on the authority of international

law are largely modelled on discussions of the authority of domestic laws. It questions whether our concerns with the authority of law in a single state adequately ...

## **Uphold International Law | United Nations**

This article examines the foundations of international law and the authority of international

institutions from the perspective of the intellectual traditions of Roman Catholic social thought and natural law theory. The first half of the discussion focuses on the concept of a "universal common good" which grounds the authority of international law.

**Authority of  
International Law:**

## Obedience, Respect, and

...

The legitimate authority of international law, ie its ability to generate moral duties of obedience for its subjects whether states, international organisations or individuals, has become a subject of growing interest among international legal scholars and legal theorists over the past fifteen years or so.



**Authority of  
International Law: A  
Doctrinal Account ...**

UN Charter and United Nations. The UN Charter and the United Nations as an organization were established on October 26, 1945. The UN Charter is a multilateral treaty that serves as the organization's constitution. The UN Charter contains a

supremacy clause that makes it the highest authority of international law.

**The Authority of International Law - Basak Cali - Oxford ...**

The Authority of International Law: Obedience, Respect, and Rebuttal contributes to existing debates on the authority of international

law through considering the gap between consent-based jurisprudential theories of authority and self-interest and identity-based theories of compliance; looking at the importation of often highly demanding concepts of authority and legitimacy from standard domestic political and legal theory, to identify the shortcomings of the

authority of international  
law ...

**The Authority of  
International Law:  
Obedience, Respect ...**

mean that international  
law's authority is actually  
based on a 'special' will  
that is external to the wills  
of states. Georg Jellinek  
devised a theory of  
international law that  
supposedly accounts for

international law's objective authority while maintaining the state's will as its foundation. His

## **International law - Wikipedia**

Customary law and laws made by international agreements (such as those passed by the United Nations) have equal authority as international law. Private or public

parties may assign higher priority to one of the sources by agreement. General principles which are common to systems of national law can be a secondary source of international law. There are situations where neither conventional nor customary international law can be applicable.

**The Foundations of The**

## **Authority of International Law and ...**

International law, also known as public international law and law of nations, is the set of rules, norms, and standards generally accepted in relations between nations. It establishes normative guidelines and a common conceptual framework for states to follow across a

broad range of domains, including war, diplomacy, trade, and human rights.

## **The Authority Of International Law**

The Authority of International Law: Obedience, Respect, and Rebuttal addresses these concerns by reviewing the present accounts of authority in international



law constructing the authority of international law as imposing three different layers of duties on domestic officials: the duty to obey, the duty to respect and the duty to rebut, carefully ...

**The Authority of International Law: Obedience, Respect ...**

The Authority of International Law:

Obedience, Respect, and Rebuttal addresses these concerns by reframing the present accounts of authority in international law, construing its authority as imposing three different layers of duties on domestic officials: the duty to obey, the duty to respect, and the duty to rebut.

**Constructing Authority**

**in International Law |  
Global ...**

The Foundations of The Authority of International Law and The Problem of Enforcement. Sir Gerald Fitzmaurice, k.c.m.g., is Legal Adviser to the Foreign Office. Sir Gerald Fitzmaurice, k.c.m.g., is Legal Adviser to the Foreign Office.

**The Authority of**

## **International Law**

International law defines the legal responsibilities of States in their conduct with each other, and their treatment of individuals within State boundaries. Its domain encompasses a wide range of issues of international concern, such as human rights, disarmament, international crime, refugees, migration,...

**The Authority of  
International Law —  
Lifting the State ...**

Constructing Authority in  
International Law. The  
Project ‘Constructing  
Authority in International  
Law’ is a two-year  
research project, funded  
by the United Kingdom  
Arts and Humanities  
Research Council  
(AHRC), and due to run

until January 2018. The project aims to develop a conceptual framework through which the concept of legal authority can be...

**The Authority of International Law — Lifting the State ...**

The key to the authority of international law in a pluralist legal order lies, the author argues, in lifting the state veil. This

implies focusing on the individual as the ultimate subject of ...

## **The Authority of International Law**

The book answers the first question in the positive. International law enjoys authority over domestic political and judicial organs. Such authority, however, has sui generis characteristics. It may not

be conclusive authority. It may also not demand blind obedience. What international law demands at the very least is minimalist deference.

**International law | Wex |  
US Law | LII / Legal  
Information ...**

The question of the authority of international law over domestic authorities and the duties



of state officials to international law are fundamental concerns in international legal theory and...

**International law legal definition of international law**

positive law, either domestic or international.<sup>8</sup>

An appeal to positive law enables a claim to objectivity on the basis

that the law applied is developed with the consent of the domestic legislature (domestic law) or domestic executive in association with the community of states (international law). As Kevin Heller decrees in his recent study

**The Authority of  
Universal Jurisdiction**  
International law's most

“famous” enforcement mechanism is the United Nations Security Council acting under Chapter VII of the UN Charter. The Council is permitted to determine the existence of breaches of the peace, threats to the peace or acts of aggression.